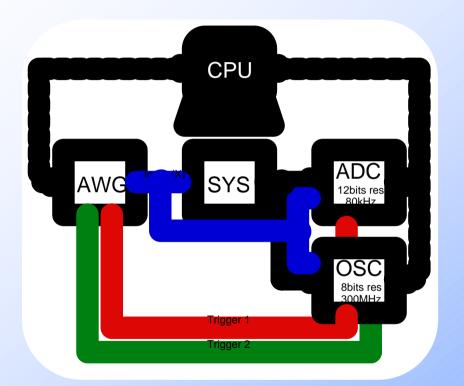
Overview

- Components
 - Details of components in final prototype form
 - Including statistics on large numbers of devices already received
 - Include Lasers, Connectors, Receivers
- Tracker Optical Link Systems
 - Analogue and Digital Links
 - Sub-Assemblies required
 - Will show prototypes of on-detector optohybrids
- Cabling and Interconnection
 - Feasibility of interconnection scheme with chosen connector/cable modularities

Laboratory Functionality Testing

Obtaining a static transfer curve



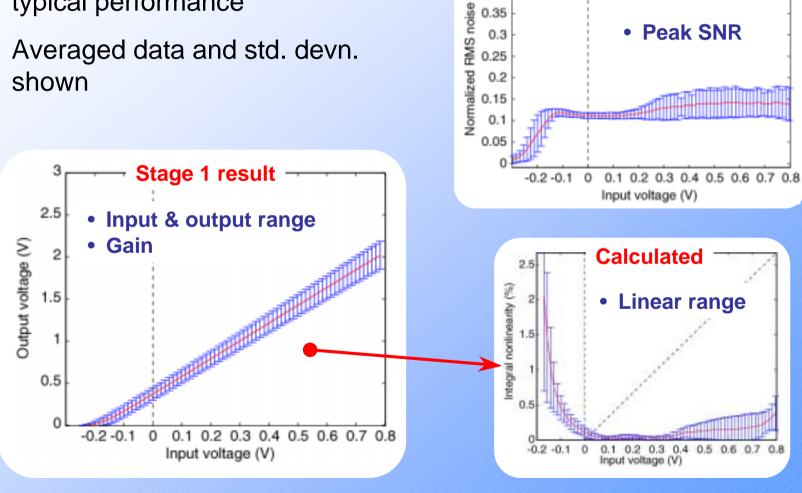
Stage 1:

- Inject fast ramp (stair-case) into system
- Measure transfer characteristic using ADC
- Stage 2:
 - Inject slow ramp (stair-case) into system
 - Measure noise at each step
- Extract several parameters from the two resulting curves
 - ⇒ Gain, linear range, input & output operating range
 - ⇒ Peak signal to noise ratio



Static Characteristics

- 20 4-way links tested to yield typical performance
- shown



0.5

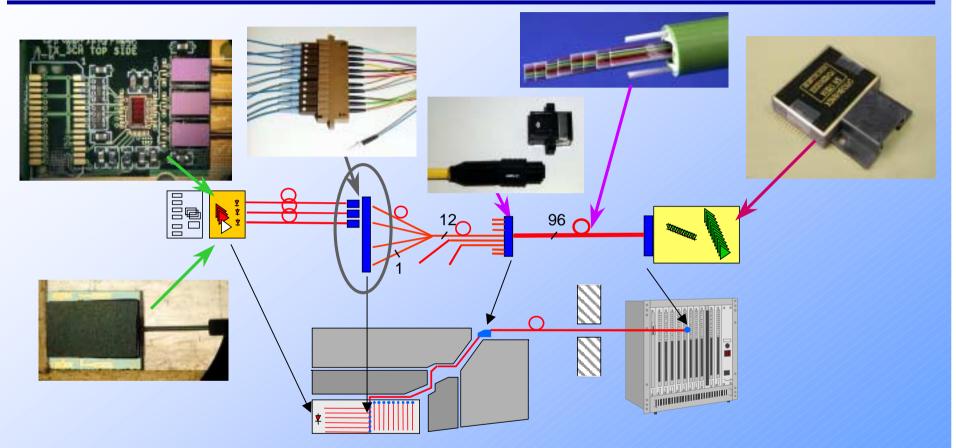
0.45

0.35

2 0.4 **Stage 2 result**



Component Overview



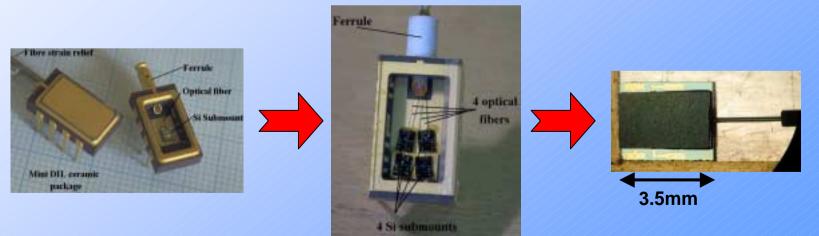
- Final components in virtually all cases
 - Manufacturer feedback & interaction has been imperative
 - All components already tested in final prototype form
 - Awaiting outcome of Invitations to Tender to finalise exact components



Laser Transmitters

Evolution of devices

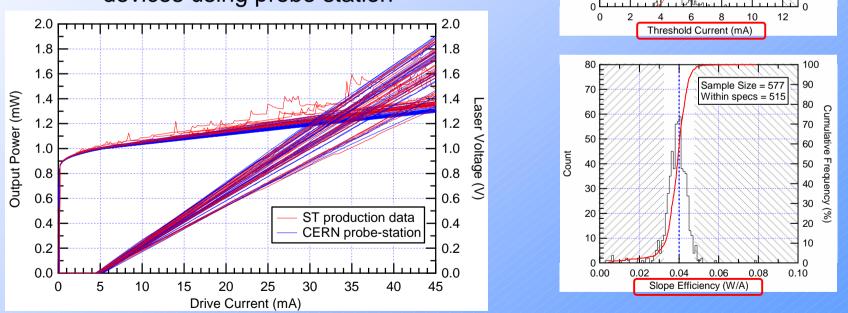
- Manufacturer contacts built up
 - Many manufacturers during project lifetime
 - Confident that most-suitable device chosen
 - Invitation to Tender complete winner known (ST Microelectronics)
- Final transmitter die commercially available (Mitsubishi COTS component)
- Final transmitter package based upon commercial package
 - Very similar submount used in other packaging applications
- Form factors & modularity now matched to Tracker application
 - Low mass, compact, non-magnetic





Laser Transmitters – Results 1

- Basic component evaluation example results
 - Final Prototype build at ST
 - Example data from ST
 - Data from order for 500 pieces
 - Confirmed at CERN on sample of 30 devices using probe station



100

90

80

70

60

50 40

30

20

10

Count

Will show more results of these devices embedded in links later in the presentation



100

80

70

30

20

10

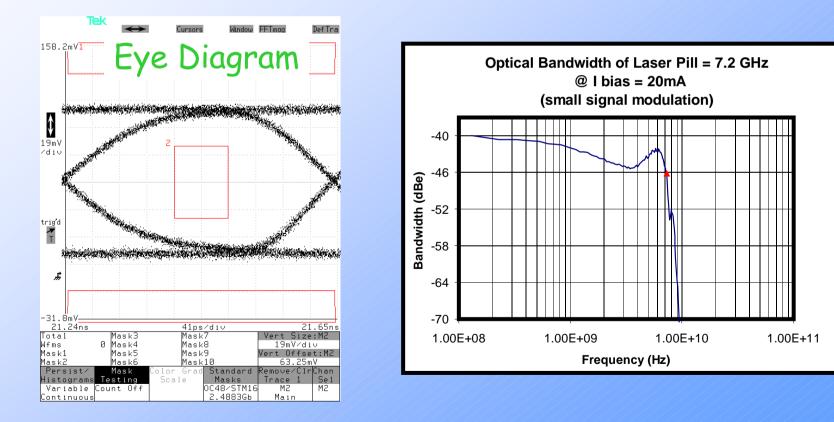
Cumulative Frequency (%)

Sample Size = 577

Within Specs = 577

Laser Transmitters – Results 2

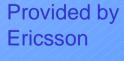
- All testing at CERN done with Analogue link in mind
- However, manufacturer data shows device bandwidth sufficient for 2.5Gb/s operation on same submount:





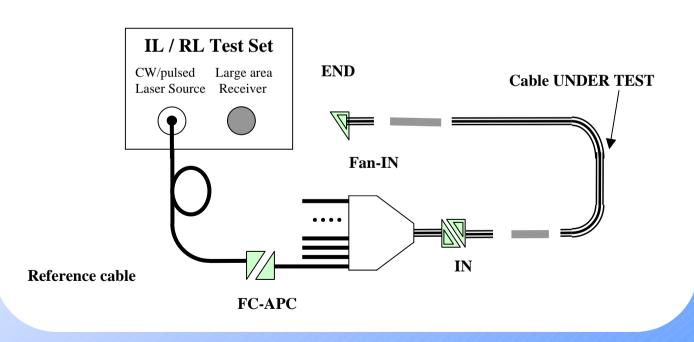
Optical Fibre and Connectors

- COTS components specified to be non-magnetic
 - Generic (COTS) nature gives large number of possible vendors
- Single-way connectors
 - Initial testing carried out with bulky standard types
 - Have moved to low-mass, compact final types
- Multi-way (array) connectors
 - Suitable connectors available at start of project
- Fibre
 - 900µm tight-buffered single-mode fibre chosen
- Ribbon
 - Ruggedized 12-way fibre ribbon cable chosen
- Cable
 - 96-way (8x 12-way ribbon stack) custom cable design



Fibre & Connector Measurements

- Single fibre only measured as part of a patch lead
- Pertinent parameters
 - Insertion & Return Loss

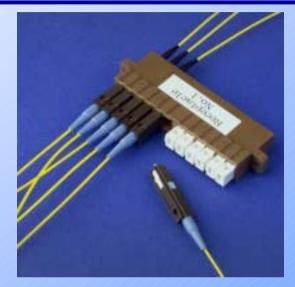


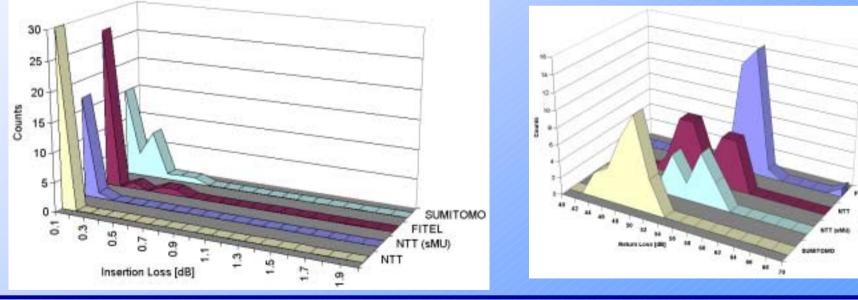
Multi-way connector Test Setup



Single-way Connectors

- Single-way connectors
 - 8 types assessed 2 types retained
 - Still multiple manufacturers available
 - Almost true COTS components
 - Hence largest # of manufacturers
 - Example of chosen MU & sMU types (highest commercially available singleway connector density):







Multi-way Connectors

- Multi-way connectors
 - 11 types assessed 3 MT-ferrule based types retained
 - Still multiple manufacturers
- Inivitation to Tender just sent out from CERN





Analogue Receiver Modules

- Based upon the use of a custom Analogue Receiver ASIC design placed inside standard Digital modules
 - Photodiode array same as used for digital receivers
 - Customisation required at the level of the optical coupling units for successful analogue operation
 - Based upon parts already available from manufacturer
- First ASIC design successful
 - Tested in two module types
 - Both modules qualified for Tendering step
- Successful completion of Tendering, manufacturer selected:

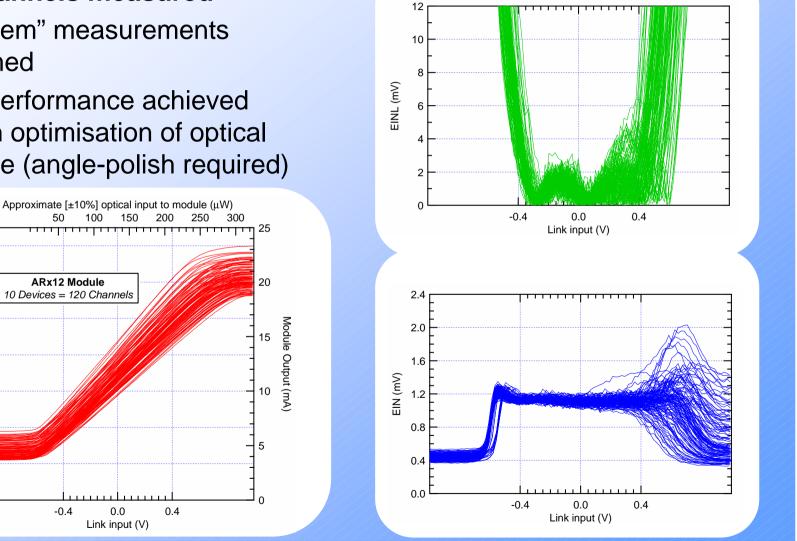




Analogue Receiver Module Results

120 channels measured

- "In-system" measurements performed
- Good performance achieved through optimisation of optical interface (angle-polish required)



1.4

1.2

1.0

0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

0.0

-ink output (V)



Component Summary

- Have completed tendering for laser transmitter and chosen the type of laser transmitter to be used in CMS
 - ST Microelectronics Laserpill (with Mitsubishi 1310nm die)
- Have identified fibre, ribbon & cable manufacturer and successfully completed the tendering
 - Ericsson
- Have chosen the single-way connector types to be used in the final system and completed tendering
 - Sumitomo
- Have completed tendering for 12-way Analogue Receiver Modules and chosen the type for use in CMS
 - NGK
- These choices are based upon lowest cost for in-spec performance of the delivered prototypes



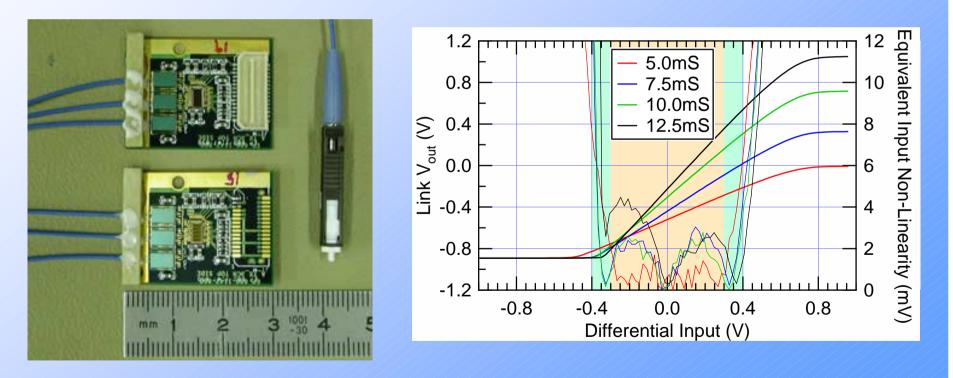
Full Optical Link Systems

- Using described arsenal of components, can start to build the required optical link systems
- Analogue Readout Links
 - Support required to house laser transmitter and laser driver ASIC
 - Prototype designs carried out by CERN and Perugia
 - Feasibility shown
 - Analogue optohybrids required for Tracker System Testing
 - Several prototypes ready one in use
 - Analogue Receiver Modules required for Tracker System Testing
 - Prototype in use already
- Digital Control Links
 - Support required for laser transmitter, laser driver ASIC, photodiode & digital receiver ASIC
 - Prototyped by CERN
 - Off-detector module required
 - Prototype PCI card carrier for commercial devices by Vienna



Analogue Optohybrids

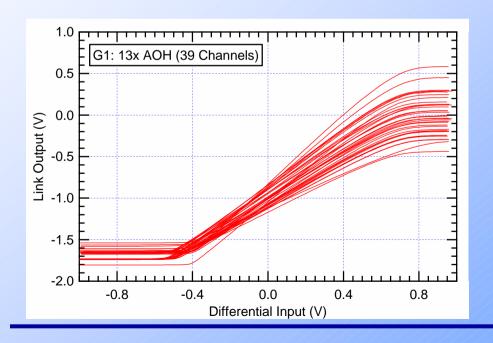
- Prototype designed by CERN for Tracker Outer Barrel and EndCap
- Populated with final prototype laser transmitter and prototype laser driver ASIC

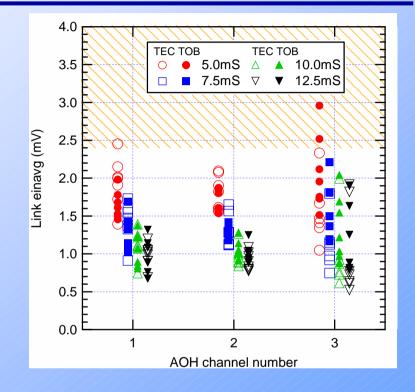




Analogue Optohybrids 2

- 13 out of 19 prototypes fully characterised
- Transfer characteristic
 - Gain values found within spec
 - Linearity meets spec but only just
 - Driven by ASIC
 - Redesigned version now available
 - AOH redesign also required for test



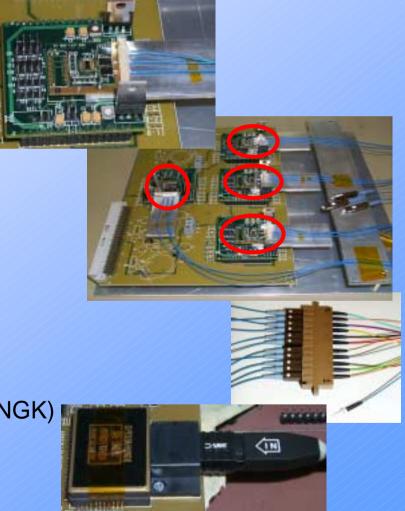


- Noise performance adequate
 - Receiver dependent
 - Measurements done with old Rx package



Full Analogue Optical Link Chain

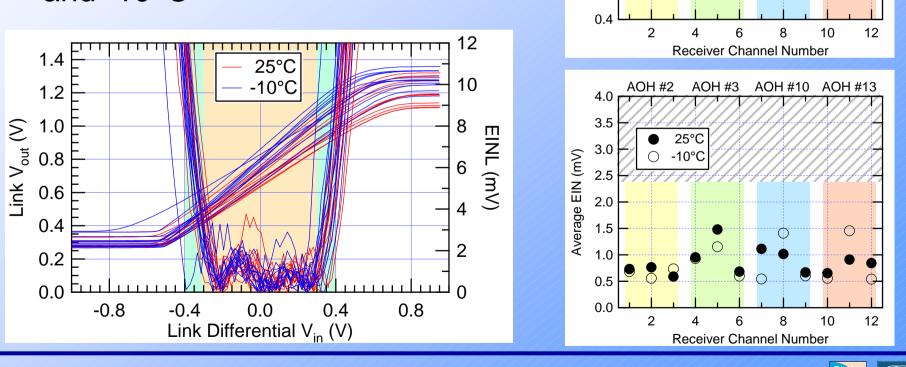
- Final prototype components ordered to supply needs of CMS Tracker System Test
- First full analogue links assembled
- Laser Transmitters
 - Small form factor ST Laserpill
- Prototype Analogue Optohybrid
 - Designed by CERN for TOB/<u>TEC</u> use
- Fibre & Connectors
 - MU/sMU single way
 - MPO 12-way array
- Receiver final prototypes
 - 12-channel analogue receiver modules (NGK)
- Measurements ongoing





Full Analogue Chain Results

- Static Characteristics shown
- Gain optimisation concept ok
- Noise and Linearity show good performance at room temperature and -10°C



AOH #2

1.2

1.1

1.0

0.9

0.8

0.6

0.5

Link Gain (V/V)

AOH #3

25°C

-10°C

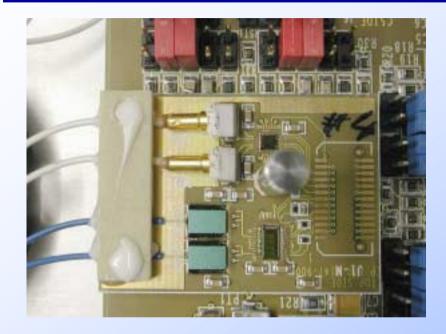
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AOH #10 AOH #13



Digital Control Link Prototype



- Operation: 80Mb/s
- First link successfully integrated into Tracker system test environment
- Provides key element of Tracker Control system

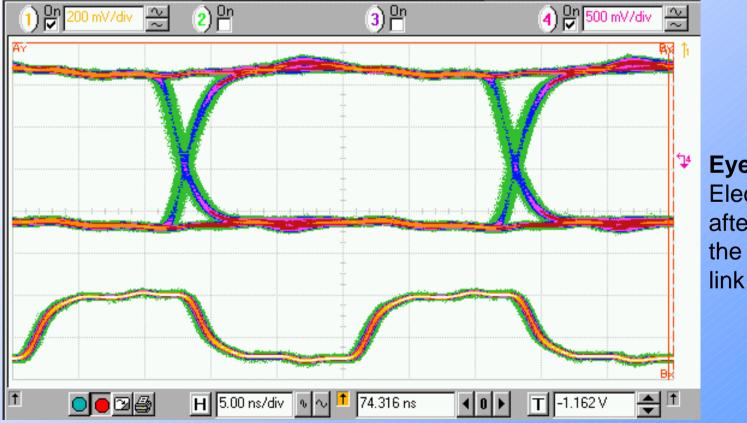
- Digital Optohybrid prototype PCB designed and fabricated at CERN
- Provides support for:
 - 2× Laser Diode
 - Same device as Analogue link
 - 2× Photodiode
 - ASICs: LLD & Rx40





Digital Link Performance

- Operation at 80Mb/s
- BER better than 10⁻¹² achieved

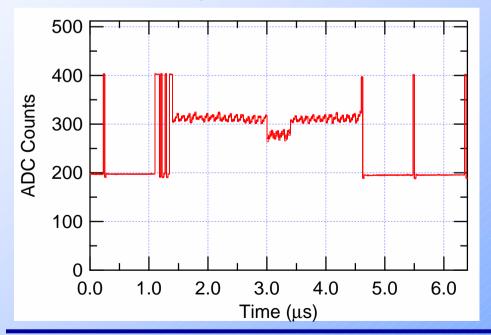


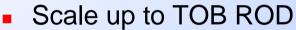
Eye Diagram: Electrical output after one loop of the digital control link system



Tracker System Test

- Analogue and Digital Links successfully integrated into Tracker System Test Bench
- System measurements being made











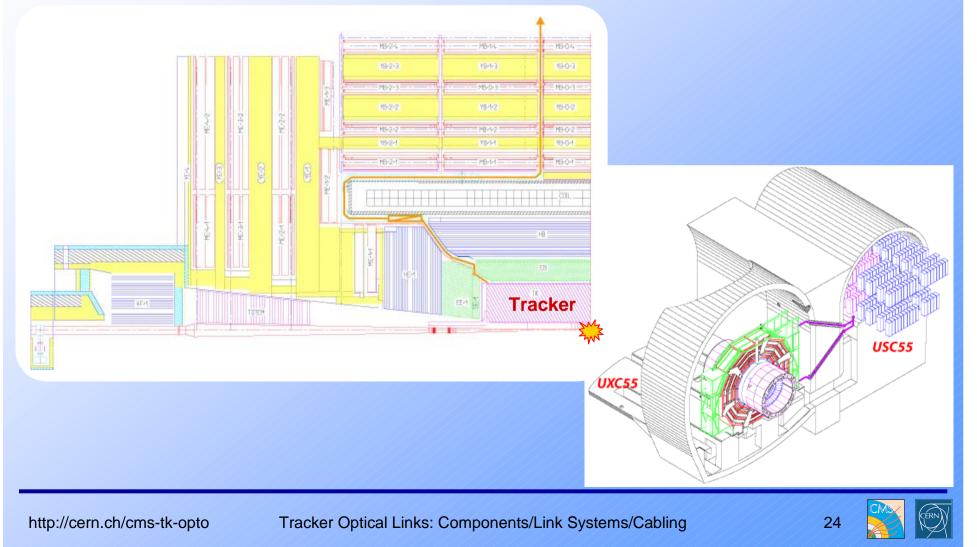
Tracker Link Systems Summary

- Analogue Readout Links
 - Analogue link design proven to meet specifications
 - All components now in use are final prototypes
 - First full optical readout link chain integration successful
- Digital Control Links
 - Digital link design proven to meet specifications
 - All components now in use are final prototypes
 - First full optical control link chain integration successful
- Operation in System Test
 - Integration into system started successfully

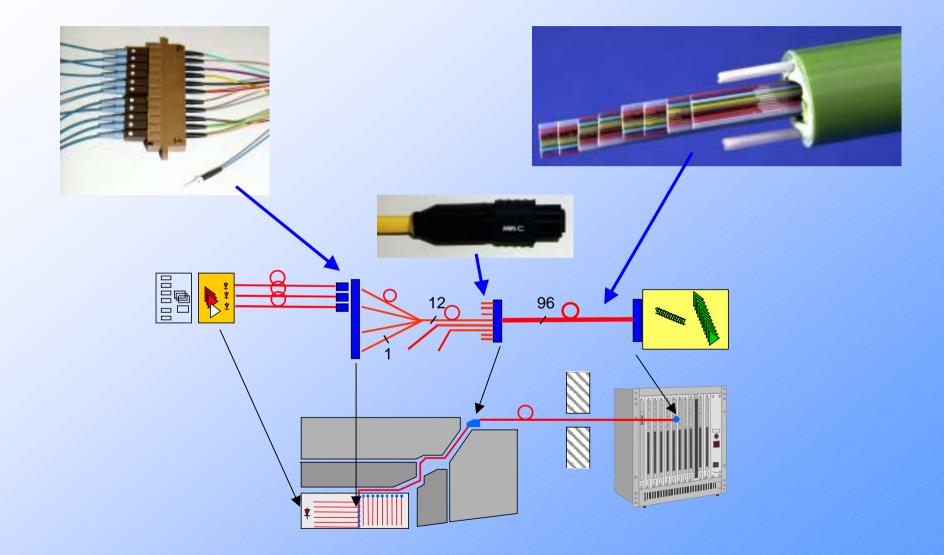


Cabling Overview

 Detail of study to determine feasibility of connection of front-end to back-end via patch panel in HCAL crack







http://cern.ch/cms-tk-opto

Tracker Optical Links: Components/Link Systems/Cabling

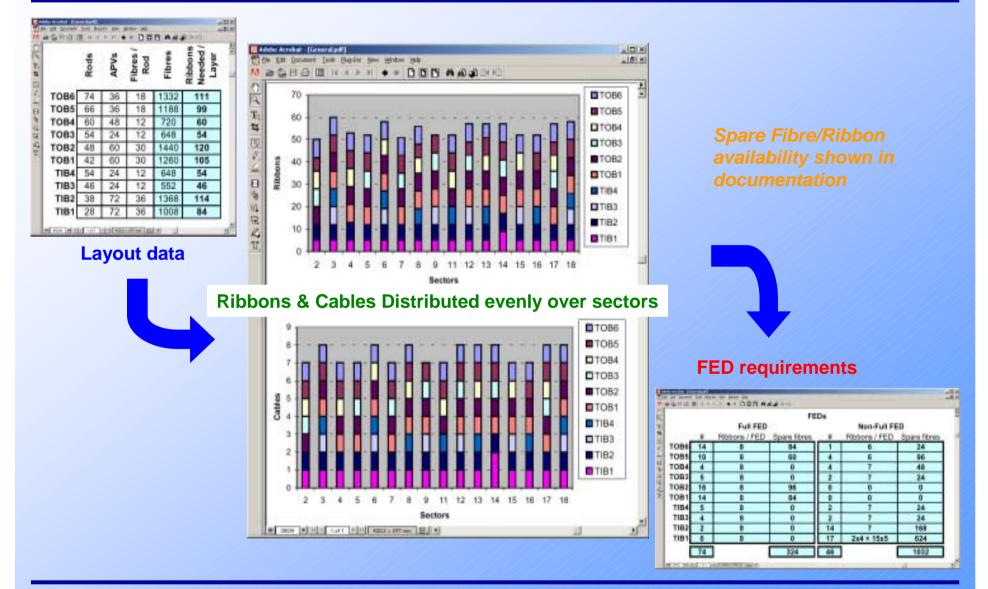


Cabling of the Tracker Volume

- Distribution of fibres
 - Linking up actual positions of modules in space
- Initial layout done from optical link side
 - Feasibility established for all parts of Tracker
 - See following slides
 - Documentation available to interested parties
 - Discussion opened
 - Integration team, Tracker community
 - Groupings defined for readout, control and cooling systems as a result of this work (for TOB/TEC)

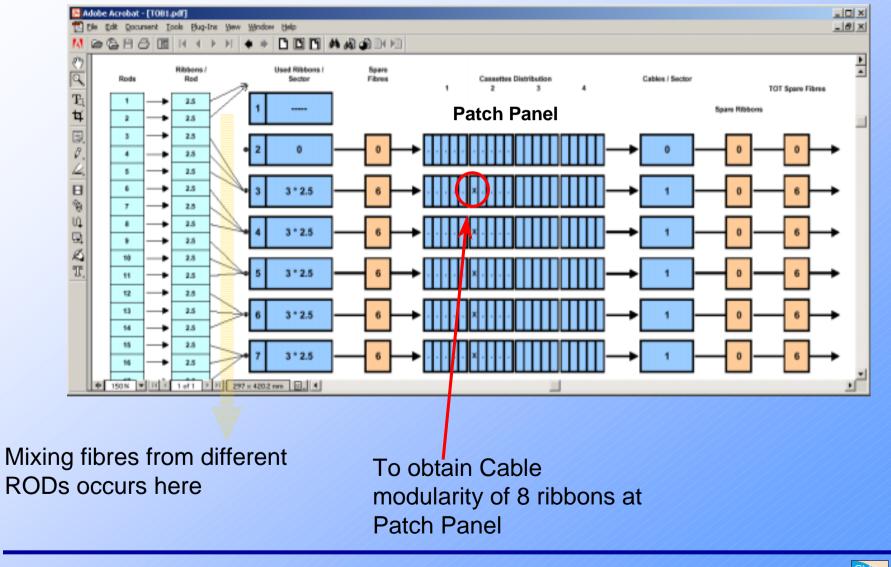


TIB/TOB Overview





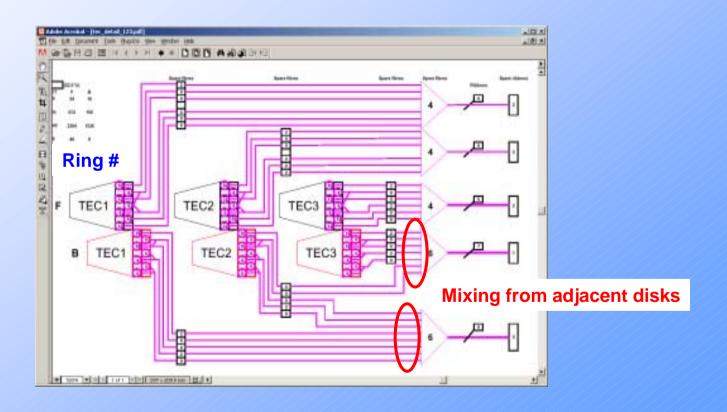






TEC

- Very similar tables for overview and patch panel
 - See documentation
- Fan-in to ribbons slightly different due to Petal geometry





Cabling Summary

- Long-standing communication with Integration team
 - Space budgets in place and respected
- Feasibility of layout and grouping of individual fibres from the front-end into ribbons and cables established
 - Now linked to powering and cooling grouping scheme for TOB/TEC
- Components in place
 - Fibre/Ribbon/Cable tender closed
 - Ericsson fibre, rugged ribbon and cable chosen
 - Single-way connector tender closed
 - Sumitomo MU and sMU chosen



Summary

- Components
 - Proven functional requirements met by final prototypes
 - Relatively large sample sizes tested (1% of production quantity)
 - Ready for production of link components
- Tracker Optical Link Systems
 - First demonstrator analogue and digital links shown
 - In the process of integrating with full tracker readout and control system to assess interoperability
- Cabling and Interconnection
 - Initial studies of routing done with optimisation from optical link point of view
 - Feasibility proven chosen component modularities map onto the physical detector layout

